

Overview of NRC Staff Analysis of License Termination Rule Issues and Options for Resolving the Institutional Control Issue

NMA/NRC Uranium Recovery Workshop

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Purpose:

 Inform NMA about recent NRC decommissioning policy decisions and explain the relationship to UMTRCA sites

Presentation Outline

- Background
- Institutional Control Issue
- Approved Options
- Relationship to UMTRCA Sites

Background

- License Termination Rule (LTR) in 10 CFR 20 Subpart E finalized in 1997
 - Radiological criteria for termination of NRC licensed sites
 - Does not apply to uranium recovery facilities under 10
 CFR 40, App. A
 - Staff and licensee experience identified implementation issues

Background Contd.

- Commission direction
 - Analyze implementation issues
 - Recommend options to the Commission
 - Emphasize resolving institutional control issues for restricting future site use

Background Contd.

- Staff analyzed nine issues
 - Institutional controls
 - Relationship between LTR and other release limits
 - Unimportant quantities
 - Separate U/Th standard
 - On-site disposal
 - Controlling disposition of solid materials

Background Contd.

- Realistic exposure scenarios
- Measures to prevent future legacy sites (complex and costly cleanups)
 - Changes to financial assurance
 - Changes to licensee operations
- Intentional mixing
- Results publicly available in SECY-03-0069 and SECY-04-0035

Institutional Control Issue

- Background on LTR license termination options
 - Unrestricted use, restricted use, or alternate criteria
 - Commission prefers unrestricted use
 - Restricted use and alternate criteria could be used in rare cases
 - Institutional controls required for restricted use and alternate criteria

Institutional Control Issue Contd.

- Issues: Difficulties arranging institutional controls
 - Governments (DOE, States) and Tribes unwilling to accept ownership of private sites
 - Lack of independent third party and long-term continuity
 - Long-term effectiveness of institutional controls
 - Unclear flexibility of existing LTR risk-informed graded approach to institutional controls

Commission Approved Options

 Clarify the LTR risk-informed, graded approach for institutional controls

- Lower risk: legally enforceable (deed restrictions)
- Higher risk: legally enforceable and durable (government ownership or control)
- New institutional control options involving NRC

Commission Approved Options Contd.

- NRC monitoring and enforcing after license termination
 - Under legal agreement and deed restriction
 - Includes written NRC authority
 - Concept derived from Commission approved approach for UMTRCA sites
 - Private property in the vicinity of DOE UMTRCA sites
 - DOE could monitor and enforce restrictions under a deed restriction
 - Approach new to NRC and untested
 - Viability depends on local jurisdiction

Commission Approved Options Contd.

NRC long-term control possession-only license after remediation

- Remediation but no license termination
- License conditions act as the institutional controls
- Modified from NRC's general license for long-term care of mill tailings sites
- Options are being tested at two sites

Relationship to UMTRCA Sites

Options do not apply to UMTRCA sites

 Deed restriction option is similar to mill tailings vicinity property approach

Exchange implementation lessons